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(54) Title: HAV PROBES FOR USE IN SOLUTIO	N PHA	SE SANDWICH HYBRIDIZATION AS	SAYS

(57) Abstract

Novel DNA probe sequences for detection of HAV in a sample in a solution phase sandwich hybridization assay are described. Amplified nucleic acid hybridization assays using the probes are exemplified.

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HAV PROBES FOR USE IN SOLUTION PHASE SANDWICH HYBRIDIZATION ASSAYS DESCRIPTION

Technical Field

This invention is in the field of nucleic acid hybridization assays. More specifically, it relates to novel nucleic acid probes for detecting Hepatitis A Virus (HAV).

15 Background Art

Hepatitis A virus is an RNA virus belonging to the picornavirus family and is thought to be responsible for at least 38% of all reported cases of hepatitis. Cohen et al. (J. Virol. 61:50-59, 1987) described the complete nucleotide sequence of wild-type Hepatitis A virus and compared the sequence with laboratory-adapted HAV strains and with other picornaviruses, finding most amino acid differences occurred in the capsid region, whereas most nucleotide differences occurred randomly throughout the genome.

Commonly owned U.S. 4,868,105 describes a solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay in which analyte nucleic acid is first hybridized in solution to a labeling probe set and to a capturing probe set in a first vessel. The probe-analyte complex is then transferred to a second vessel that contains a solid-phase-immobilized probe that is complementary to a segment of the capturing probes. The segments hybridize to the immobilized probe, thus removing the complex from solution. Having the analyte in the form of an immobilized complex facilitates subsequent separation steps in the assay. Ultimately, single stranded segments

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of the labeling probe set are hybridized to labeled probes, thus permitting the analyte-containing complex to be detected via a signal generated directly or indirectly from the label.

Commonly owned European Patent Application 5 (EPA) 883096976 discloses a variation in the assay described in U.S. 4,868,105 in which the signal generated by the labeled probes is amplified. The amplification involves the use of nucleic acid multimers. multimers are branched polynucleotides that are 10 constructed to have a segment that hybridizes specifically to the analyte nucleic acid or to a nucleic acid (branched or linear) that is bound to the analyte and iterations of a second segment that hybridize specifically to the labeled probe. In the assay 15 employing the multimer, the initial steps of hybridizing the analyte to label or amplifier probe sets and capturing probe sets in a first vessel and transferring the complex to another vessel containing immobilized nucleic acid that will hybridize to a segment of the 20 capturing probes are followed. The multimer is then hybridized to the immobilized complex and the labeled probes in turn hybridized to the second segment iterations on the multimer. Since the multimers provide a large number of sites for label probe attachment, the 25 signal is amplified. Amplifier and capture probe sequences are disclosed for Hepatitis B virus, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, penicillin and tetracycline resistance in N. gonorrhoeae, and Chlamydia trachomatis.

Commonly owned copending application Serial No. 558,897, filed 27 July 1990, describes the preparation of large comb-type branched polynucleotide multimers for use in the above-described solution phase assay. The combs provide greater signal enhancement in the assays than the smaller multimers.

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Disclosure of the Invention

One aspect of the invention is a synthetic oligonucleotide useful as an amplifier probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HAV comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid, and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide acid multimer.

Another aspect of the invention is a synthetic oligonucleotide useful as a capture probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HAV comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid; and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase.

Another aspect of the invention is a solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HAV in a sample, comprising

- (a) contacting the sample under hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) an amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer and (ii) a capture probe oligonucleotide comprising a first segment having a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;
- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
- (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to the solid phase;

(d) contacting the product of step (c) under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;

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(e) removing unbound multimer;

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- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
 - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide; and
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the 15 solid phase complex product of step (g).

Another aspect of the invention is a kit for the detection of HAV comprising a kit for the detection of HAV in a sample comprising in combination

- (i) a set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides wherein the amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid and a second segment having a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer;
- (ii) a set of capture probe oligonucleotides wherein the capture probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment having a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;
- (iii) a nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of

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second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide; and (iv) a labeled oligonucleotide.

5 Modes for Carrying Out the Invention

Definitions

"Solution phase nucleic acid hybridization assay" intends the assay techniques described and claimed in commonly owned U.S. Patent No. 4,868,105 and EPA 883096976.

A "modified nucleotide" intends a nucleotide monomer that may be stably incorporated into a polynucleotide and which has an additional functional group. Preferably, the modified nucleotide is a 5'-cytidine in which the N⁴-position is modified to provide a functional hydroxy group.

An "amplifier multimer" intends a branched polynucleotide that is capable of hybridizing simultaneously directly or indirectly to analyte nucleic acid and to a multiplicity of polynucleotide iterations (i.e., either iterations of another multimer or iterations of a labeled probe). The branching in the multimers is effected through covalent bonds and the multimers are composed of two types of oligonucleotide units that are capable of hybridizing, respectively, to analyte nucleic acid or nucleic acid hybridized to analyte nucleic acid and to a multiplicity of labeled probes. The composition and preparation of such multimers are described in EPA 883096976 and U.S. Serial No. 558,897 filed 27 July 1990, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

The term "amplifier probe" is intended as a branched or linear polynucleotide that is constructed to have a segment that hybridizes specifically to the analyte nucleic acid and iterations of a second segment that hybridize specifically to an amplifier multimer.



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The term "capture probe" is intended as an oligonucleotide having a segment substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of the target DNA and a segment that is substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of a solid-phase-immobilized probe.

"Large" as used herein to describe the combtype branched polynucleotides of the invention intends a molecule having at least about 15 branch sites and at least about 20 iterations of the labeled probe binding sequence.

"Comb-type" as used herein to describe the structure of the branched polynucleotides of the invention intends a polynucleotide having a linear backbone with a multiplicity of sidechains extending from the backbone.

A "cleavable linker molecule" intends a molecule that may be stably incorporated into a polynucleotide chain and which includes a covalent bond that may be broken or cleaved by chemical treatment or physical treatment such as by irradiation.

All nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein are written in a 5' to 3' direction. Nucleotides are designated according to the nucleotide symbols recommended by the IUPAC-IUB Biochemical Nomenclature Commission. All nucleotide sequences disclosed are intended to include complementary sequences unless otherwise indicated.

Solution Phase Hybridization Assay

The general protocol for the solution phase sandwich hybridizations is as follows. The analyte nucleic acid is placed in a microtiter well with an excess of two single-stranded nucleic acid probe sets:

(1) a set of capture probes, each having a first binding sequence substantially complementary to the analyte and a second binding sequence that is substantially complementary to nucleic acid bound to a solid support,

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for example, the well surface or a bead, and (2) a set of amplifier probes (branched or linear), each having a first binding sequence that is capable of specific binding to the analyte and a second binding sequence that is capable of specific binding to a segment of the multimer. The resulting product is a three component nucleic acid complex of the two probes hybridized to the analyte by their first binding sequences. The second binding sequences of the probes remain as single-stranded segments as they are not substantially complementary to the analyte. This complex hybridizes to the immobilized probe on the solid surface via the second binding sequence of the capture probe. The resulting product comprises the complex bound to the solid surface via the duplex formed by the oligonucleotide bound to the solid surface and the second binding sequence of the capture probe. Unbound materials are then removed from the surface such as by washing.

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The amplification multimer is then added to the bound complex under hybridization conditions to permit the multimer to hybridize to the available second binding sequence(s) of the amplifier probe of the complex. The resulting complex is then separated from any unbound multimer by washing. The labeled oligonucleotide is then added under conditions which permit it to hybridize to the complementary oligonucleotide units of the multimer. The resulting immobilized labeled nucleic acid complex is then washed to remove unbound labeled oligonucleotide, and read.

The analyte nucleic acids may be from a variety of sources, e.g., biological fluids or solids, and may be prepared for the hybridization analysis by a variety of means, e.g., proteinase K/SDS, chaotropic salts, etc. Also, it may be of advantage to decrease the average size of the analyte nucleic acids by enzymatic, physical or chemical means, e.g., restriction enzymes, sonication, chemical degradation (e.g., metal ions), etc. The frag-

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ments may be as small as 0.1 kb, usually being at least about 0.5 kb and may be 1 kb or higher. The analyte sequence is provided in single-stranded form for analysis. Where the sequence is naturally present in single-stranded form, denaturation will not be required. However, where the sequence may be present in double-stranded form, the sequence should be denatured. Denaturation can be carried out by various techniques, such as alkali, generally from about 0.05 to 0.2 M hydroxide, formamide, salts, heat, enzymes, or combinations thereof.

The first binding sequences of the capture probe and amplifier probe that are substantially complementary to the analyte sequence will each be of at least 15 nucleotides, usually at least 25 nucleotides, and not more than about 5 kb, usually not more than about 1 kb, preferably not more than about 100 nucleotides. They will typically be approximately 30 nucleotides. They will normally be chosen to bind to different sequences of the analyte. The first binding sequences may be selected based on a variety of considerations. Depending upon the nature of the analyte, one may be interested in a consensus sequence, a sequence associated with polymorphisms, a particular phenotype or genotype, a particular strain, or the like.

The number of different amplifier and capture probes used influences the sensitivity of the assay, because the more probe sequences used, the greater the signal provided by the assay system. Furthermore, the use of more probe sequences allows the use of more stringent hybridization conditions, thereby reducing the incidence of false positive results. Thus, the number of probes in a set will be at least one capture probe and at least one amplifier probe, more preferably two capture and two amplifier probes, and most preferably 5-100 capture probes and 5-100 amplifier probes.

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Oligonucleotide probes for HAV were designed by aligning the RNA sequences of five HAV isolates available from GenBank. Regions of greatest homology were chosen for capture probes, while regions of lesser homology were chosen as amplifier probes. Thus, as additional strains or isolates of HAV are made available, appropriate probes made be designed by aligning the sequence of the new strain or isolate with the nucleotide sequences used to design the probes of the present invention, and choosing regions of greatest homology for use as capture probes, with regions of lesser homology chosen as amplifier The probe sequences of the presently preferred probe sets are contiquous and roughly correspond to nucleotides 1-1300 of the HAV genome. The nucleotide sequences of the presently preferred probe sets are shown in the examples.

The second binding sequences of the capture probe and amplifier probe are selected to be substantially complementary, respectively, to the oligonucleotide bound to the solid surface and to a segment of the multimer and so as to not be encountered by endogenous sequences in the sample/analyte. The second binding sequence may be contiguous to the first binding sequence or be spaced therefrom by an intermediate noncomplementary sequence. The probes may include other noncomplementary sequences if desired. These noncomplementary sequences must not hinder the binding of the binding sequences or cause nonspecific binding to occur.

The capture probe and amplifier probe may be prepared by oligonucleotide synthesis procedures or by cloning, preferably the former.

It will be appreciated that the binding sequences need not have perfect complementarity to provide homoduplexes. In many situations, heteroduplexes will suffice where fewer than about 10% of the bases are mismatches, ignoring loops of five or more nucleotides.

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Accordingly, as used herein the term "complementary" intends exact complementarity wherein each base within the binding region corresponds exactly, and "substantially complementary" intends 90% or greater homology.

The labeled oligonucleotide will include a sequence substantially complementary to the repeated oligonucleotide units of the multimer. The labeled oligonucleotide will include one or more molecules ("labels"), which directly or indirectly provide a detectable signal. The labels may be bound to individual members of the substantially complementary sequence or may be present as a terminal member or terminal tail having a plurality of labels. Various means for providing labels bound to the oligonucleotide sequences have been reported in the literature. See, for example, Leary et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1983) 80:4045; Renz and Kurz, <u>Nucl. Acids Res</u>. (1984) <u>12</u>:3435; Richardson and Gumport, Nucl. Acids Res. (1983) 11:6167; Smith et al., Nucl. Acids. Res. (1985) 13:2399; Meinkoth and Wahl, Anal. Biochem. (1984) 138:267. The labels may be bound either covalently or non-covalently to the substantially complementary sequence. Labels which may be employed include radionuclides, fluorescers, chemiluminescers, dyes, enzymes, enzyme substrates, enzyme cofactors, enzyme inhibitors, enzyme subunits, metal ions, and the like. Illustrative specific labels include fluorescein, rhodamine, Texas red, phycoerythrin, umbelliferone, luminol, NADPH, α -8-galactosidase, horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, etc.

The ratio of capture probe and amplifier probe to anticipated moles of analyte will each be at least stoichiometric and preferably in excess. This ratio is preferably at least about 1.5:1, and more preferably at least 2:1. It will normally be in the range of 2:1 to 10^6 :1. Concentrations of each of the probes will generally range from about 10^{-5} to 10^{-9} M, with sample nucleic

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acid concentrations varying from 10⁻²¹ to 10⁻¹² M. The hybridization steps of the assay will generally take from about 10 minutes to 20 hours, frequently being completed in about 1 hour. Hybridization can be carried out at a mildly elevated temperature, generally in the range from about 20°C to 80°C, more usually from about 35°C to 70°C, particularly 65°C.

The hybridization reactions are usually done in an aqueous medium, particularly a buffered aqueous medium, which may include various additives. Additives which may be employed include low concentrations of detergent (0.01 to 1%), salts, e.g., sodium citrate (0.017 to 0.17 M), Ficoll, polyvinylpyrrolidone, carrier nucleic acids, carrier proteins, etc. Nonaqueous solvents may be added to the aqueous medium, such as dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, alcohols, and formamide. These other solvents are generally present in amounts ranging from 2 to 50%.

The stringency of the hybridization medium may be controlled by temperature, salt concentration, solvent system, and the like. Thus, depending upon the length and nature of the sequence of interest, the stringency will be varied.

Depending upon the nature of the label, various techniques can be employed for detecting the presence of the label. For fluorescers, a large number of different fluorometers are available. For chemiluminescers, luminometers or films are available. With enzymes, a fluorescent, chemiluminescent, or colored product can be provided and determined fluorometrically, luminometrically, spectrophotometrically or visually. The various labels which have been employed in immunoassays and the techniques applicable to immunoassays can be employed with the subject assays.

Kits for carrying out amplified nucleic acid hybridization assays according to the invention will comprise in packaged combination the following reagents:

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the amplifier probe or set of probes; the capture probe or set of probes; the amplifier multimer; and an appropriate labeled oligonucleotide. These reagents will typically be in separate containers in the kit. The kit may also include a denaturation reagent for denaturing the analyte, hybridization buffers, wash solutions, enzyme substrates, negative and positive controls and written instructions for carrying out the assay.

The following examples further illustrate the invention. These examples are not intended to limit the invention in any manner.

EXAMPLES

Example I

Synthesis of Comb-type Branched Polynucleotide

This example illustrates the synthesis of a
comb-type branched polynucleotide having 15 branch sites
and sidechain extensions having three labeled probe
binding sites. This polynucleotide was designed to be
used in a solution phase hybridization as described in
EPA 883096976.

All chemical syntheses of oligonucleotides were performed on an automatic DNA synthesizer (Applied Biosystems, Inc., (ABI) model 380 B). Phosphoramidite chemistry of the beta cyanoethyl type was used including 5'-phosphorylation which employed Phostel* reagent (ABN). Standard ABI protocols were used except as indicated. Where it is indicated that a multiple of a cycle was used (e.g., 1.2 cycle), the multiple of the standard amount of amidite recommended by ABI was employed in the specified cycle. Appended hereto are the programs for carrying out cycles 1.2 and 6.4 as run on the Applied Biosystems Model 380 B DNA Synthesizer.

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A comb body of the following structure was first prepared:

(RGTCAGTp-5')₁₅

wherein X' is a branching monomer, and R is a periodate cleavable linker.

The portion of the comb body through the 15

(TTX') repeats is first synthesized using 33.8 mg
aminopropyl-derivatized thymidine controlled pore glass
(CPG) (2000 Å, 7.4 micromoles thymidine per gram
support) with a 1.2 cycle protocol. The branching site
nucleotide was of the formula:

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where R2 represents

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For synthesis of the comb body (not including sidechains), the concentration of beta cyanoethylphosphoramidite monomers was 0.1 M for A, C, G and T, 0.15 M for the branching site monomer E, and 0.2 M for Phostel^m reagent. Detritylation was done with 3% trichloroacetic acid in methylene chloride using stepped flowthrough for the duration of the deprotection. At the conclusion the 5' DMT was replaced with an acetyl group.

Cleavable linker R and six base sidechain extensions of the formula 3'-RGTCAGTp (SEQ ID NO:1) were synthesized at each branching monomer site as follows. The base protecting group removal (\mathbb{R}^2 in the formula above) was performed manually while retaining the CPG support in the same column used for synthesizing the comb body. In the case of \mathbb{R}^2 = levulinyl, a solution of 0.5 M hydrazine hydrate in pyridine/glacial acetic acid (1:1 v/v) was introduced and kept in contact with the CPG support for 90 min with renewal of the liquid every 15 min, followed by extensive washing with pyridine/glacial acetic acid (1:1 v/v) and then by acetonitrile. After the deprotection the cleavable linker R and six base sidechain extensions were added using a 6.4 cycle.

In these syntheses the concentration of phosphoramidites was 0.1 M (except 0.2 M R and Phostel™ reagent; R was 2-(4-(4-(2-Dimethoxytrityloxy)ethyl-)phenoxy 2,3-di(benzoyloxy)-butyloxy)phenyl)ethyl-2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite).

Detritylation is effected with a solution of 3% trichloroacetic acid in methylene chloride using continuous flowthrough, followed by a rinse solution of toluene/chloromethane (1:1 v/v). Branched polynucleotide chains were removed from the solid supports automatically in the 380B using the cycle "CE NH3." The ammonium hydroxide solution was collected in 4 ml screw-capped Wheaton vials and heated at 60°C for 12 hr to remove all base-protecting groups. After cooling

to room temperature the solvent was removed in a Speed-Vac evaporator and the residue dissolved in 100 μ l water. 3' backbone extensions (segment A), sidechain extensions and ligation template/linkers of the following structures were also made using the automatic synthesizer:

3' Backbone extension 3'-TCCGTATCCTGGGCACAGAGGTGCp-5' (SEQ ID NO:2)

Sidechain extension 3'-GATGCG(TTCATGCTGTTGGTGTAG)₃-5' (SEQ ID NO:3)

Ligation template for linking 3' backbone

extension 3'-AAAAAAAAAAAGCACCTp-5' (SEQ ID NO:4)

Ligation template for linking sidechain extension 3'-CGCATCACTGAC-5' (SEQ ID NO:5)

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The crude comb body was purified by a standard polyacrylamide gel (7% with 7 M urea and 1X TBE running buffer) method.

The 3' backbone extension and the sidechain extensions were ligated to the comb body as follows. comb body (4 pmole/ μ 1), 3' backbone extension (6.25 pmole/ μ l), sidechain extension (93.75 pmole/ μ l), sidechain linking template (75 pmoles/ μ l) and backbone linking template (5 pmole/ μ l) were combined in 1 mM ATP/ 5 mM DTT/ 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/ 10 mM MgCl $_2$ / 2 mM 10 spermidine, with 0.5 units/ μ l T4 polynucleotide kinase. The mixture was incubated at 37°C for 2 hr, then heated in a water bath to 95°C, and then slowly cooled to below 35°C over a 1 hr period. 2 mM ATP, 10 mM DTT, 14% polyethylene glycol, and 0.21 units/ μ l T4 ligase were added, and the mixture incubated for 16-24 hr at 23°C. The DNA was precipitated in NaCl/ethanol, resuspended in water, and subjected to a second ligation as follows. The mixture was adjusted to 1 mM ATP, 5 mM DTT, 14% 20 polyethylene glycol, 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 10 mM MqCl, 2 mM spermidine, 0.5 units/ μ l T4 polynucleotide kinase, and 0.21 units/ μ l T4 ligase were added, and the mixture incubated at 23°C for 16-24 hr. Ligation products were then purified by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

After ligation and purification, a portion of the product was labeled with ³²P and subjected to cleavage at the site of R achieved by oxidation with aqueous NaIO₄ for 1 hr. The sample was then analyzed by PAGE to determine the number of sidechain extensions incorporated by quantitating the radioactive label in the bands on the gel. The product was found to have a total of 45 labeled probe binding sites.

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Example II

Procedure for HAV Assay

A "15 X 3" amplified solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay format was used in this assay. The "15 x 3" designation derives from the fact that the format employs two multimers: (1) an amplifier probe having a first segment (A) that binds to HAV and a second segment (B) that hybridizes to (2) an amplifier multimer having a first segment (B*) that hybridizes to the segment (B) and fifteen iterations of a segment (C), wherein segment C hybridizes to three labeled oligonucleotides.

The amplifier and capture probe segments and their respective names used in this assay were as follows.

HAV Amplifier Probes

ATAGAAGTATTAGCCTAAGAGGTTTCACCCGTA 20 HAV.7 (SEQ ID NO:7) CCGCCGCTGTTRCCCTATCCAARGCATCTCTTC HAV.8 (SEQ ID NO:8) TGAATGGTTTTTGTCTTAACAACTCACCAATAT HAV.9 (SEQ ID NO:9) 25 GCATCCACTGGATGAGAGYCAGTCCTCCGGCGT HAV.10 (SEQ ID NO:10) CTARAGACAGCCCTGACARTCAATCCACTCAAT HAV.11 (SEQ ID NO:11) TTGCCCTAAGCACAGAGAGGTCTGRRATTAARC HAV.12 (SEQ ID NO:12) 30 TCTCACAGRATCCCATTTAAGGCCAAATGRTGT

HAV.6 (SEQ ID NO:6)

HAV.13 (SEQ ID NO:13)

AAGAACAGTCCAGCTGTCAATGGAGGGAYCCCC

HAV.14 (SEQ ID NO:14)

GTACCTCAGAGGCAAACACCACATAAGGCCCCA

HAV.15 (SEQ ID NO:15)

TTTAAGAATGAGGAAAAACCTAAATGCCCCTGA

HAV.16 (SEQ ID NO:16) GGAAAATWCCTTGTYTRGACATRTTCATTATTR HAV.17 (SEQ ID NO:17) ACAGGATGTGGTCAAGRCCACTCCCRACAGTCT HAV.18 (SEQ ID NO:18) GAATCATTTGCTCTTCCTCAATRTCTGCCAAAG HAV.19 (SEQ ID NO:19) AAGCWCCAGTCACTGCAGTCCTAWCAACKGAYT HAV.20 (SEQ ID NO:20) GAACTGAAGATTGRTCCACAGAAGTRAARTAAG 10 HAV.21 (SEQ ID NO:21) GTTCAAYYTGRTGTRAKCCAACCTCAGCWGTAT HAV.22 (SEQ ID NO:22) TWGAACYRGGTTTATCAACAGAGGTTYTCAARG HAV.23 (SEQ ID NO:23) 15 GAATCARGAAAAYTTYTCYCCCTGAGTYYTCT HAV.24 (SEQ ID NO:24) ADAGAGCATGTGTAGTRAGCCAATCWGCAGAAT HAV.25 (SEQ ID NO:25) RTTTCACCACRTCCAATTTTGCAACTTCATGRA 20 HAV.26 (SEQ ID NO:26) **AMCCTTGRACRGCAAACTGCTCATTRTAYARTA** HAV.27 (SEQ ID NO:27) TGCCAAATCTTGCATATGTRTGGTATCTCAACA 25

HAV Capture Probes

HAV.1 (SEQ ID NO:28) CGCAACGGCCAGAGCCTAGGGCAAGGGGAGAGC HAV.2 (SEQ ID NO:29)

CTCCATGCTAATCATGGAGTTGACCCCGCCGGG 30 HAV.3 (SEQ ID NO:30) AMACATCTGYGTCCCCAATTTAGACTCCTACAG HAV.4 (SEQ ID NO:)31 GARAGCCAAGTTWACACTGCAAGGTGACGTYCC

HAV.5 (SEQ ID NO:32) 35 GCCTACCCCTTGTGGAAGATCAAAGAGRTTCAT HAV.28 (SEQ ID NO:33)

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ARGGTGTRGGRTTTATCTGAACTTGAATYTCAA
HAV.29 (SEQ ID NO:34)
GAACCATRGCACARATYARYCCYCCYTGYTGRA
HAV.30 (SEQ ID NO:35)

5 AKGATGCTATHGAACCATARCTYTGGTCACYAG
HAV.31 (SEQ ID NO:36)
TGCAATTTAACARACCATGAGGATAAACAGTCA
HAV.32 (SEQ ID NO:37)
ATGGAACCTTTATTCTAACYACATTGTTRATRT

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Each amplifier probe contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to the HAV sequences, the following 5' extension complementary to a segment of the amplifier multimer,

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:38).

Each capture probe contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to HAV RNA, a downstream sequence complementary to DNA bound to the solid phase (XT1*),

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CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:39).

Microtiter plates were prepared as follows. White Microlite 1 Removawell strips (polystyrene microtiter plates, 96 wells/plate) were purchased from Dynatech Laboratories, Inc. Each well was filled with 200 μ l 1 N HCl and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The wells were then filled with 200 μ l 1 N NaOH and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were again washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

Poly(phe-lys) was purchased from Sigma Chemicals, Inc. This polypeptide has a 1:1 molar ratio of phe:lys and an average m.w. of 47,900 gm/mole. It has an average length of 309 amino acids and contains 155 amines/mole. A 1 mg/ml solution of the polypeptide was mixed with 2M NaCl/1X PBS to a final concentration of 0.1

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mg/ml (pH 6.0). 100 μ L of this solution was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic to prevent drying and incubated at 30°C overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

The following procedure was used to couple the oligonucleotide XT1* to the plates. Synthesis of XT1* was described in EPA 883096976. 20 mg disuccinimidyl suberate was dissolved in 300 μ l dimethyl formamide (DMF). 26 OD₂₆₀ units of XT1* was added to 100 μ l coupling buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8). coupling mixture was then added to the DSS-DMF solution and stirred with a magnetic stirrer for 30 min. An NAP-25 column was equilibrated with 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. The coupling mixture DSS-DMF solution was added to 2 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5, at 4°C. The mixture was vortexed to mix and loaded onto the equilibrated NAP-25 column. DSS-activated XT1* DNA was eluted from the column with 3.5 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. 5.6 OD260 units of eluted DSSactivated XT1* DNA was added to 1500 ml 50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8. 50 μ l of this solution was added to each well and the plates were incubated overnight. plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

Final stripping of plates was accomplished as follows. 200 μ L of 0.2N NaOH containing 0.5% (w/v) SDS was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic and incubated at 65°C for 60 min. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The stripped plate was stored with desiccant beads at 2-8°C.

The HAV-infected cell culture (100% HAV infected FRhK4 cell line) and the uninfected cell culture (FRhK4 cell line) were prepared as follows.

Cells were trypsinized in STV (equal parts 0.25% trypsin and 1:2000 versene (Sigma Chemical Co.) in

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-21-

PBS) and resuspended in 5 ml of the medium (DMEM with 20% FBS) the cells were grown in. The cells were then counted in a hemocytometer and diluted to 10^5 cells/10 μ l, 10^4 cells/10 μ l, 10^3 cells/10 μ l, and 10^2 cells/10 μ l.

A cocktail of the HAV-specific amplifier and capture probes was prepared in a proteinase K solution prepared by first adding 10 mg proteinase K to 5 ml capture diluent (53 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/10.6 mM EDTA/1.3% SDS/16 μ g/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA/5.3X SSC/1 mg/ml proteinase K/ 7% formamide). The cocktail contained 50 fmoles of each probe in 30 μ l buffer. 30 μ l of this solution was added to each well. 10 μ l of the appropriate dilution of the uninfected and infected cells as described above was then added to each well. Plates were covered and agitated to mix samples, then incubated at 65°C overnight.

The next morning the plates were cooled at room temperature for 10 minutes. The contents of each well were aspirated to remove all fluid, and the wells were washed 2X with washing buffer (0.1% SDS/0.015 M NaCl/0.0015 M sodium citrate). Amplifier multimer was then added to each well (20 fmoles/well in 4X SSC/0.1% SDS/0.5% Blocking Reagent (Boehringer Mannheim, catalog No. 1096 176)). After covering plates and agitating to mix the contents in the wells, the plates were incubated for 15 min at 65° C.

After a further 5-10 min period at room temperature, the wells were washed as described above.

Alkaline phosphatase label probe, disclosed in EP 883096976, was then added to each well (20 fmoles/well in 40 μ l 4X SSC/0.1% SDS/0.5% Blocking Reagent). After incubation at 55°C for 15 min, and 5-10 min at room temperature, the wells were washed twice as above and then 3x with 0.015 M NaCl/0.0015 M sodium citrate.

An enzyme-triggered dioxetane (Schaap et al., <u>Tet. Lett.</u> (1987) 28:1159-1162 and EPA Pub. No. 0254051) obtained from Lumigen, Inc., was employed. The detection

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procedure was as follows. 30 μ l Lumiphos 530 (Lumigen) was added to each well. The wells were tapped lightly so that the reagent would fall to the bottom and gently swirled to distribute the reagent evenly over the bottom. The wells were covered and incubated at 37°C for 40 min.

Plates were then read on a Dynatech ML 1000 luminometer (Dynatech Laboratories, Inc.). Output was given as the full integral of the light produced during the reaction.

Results are shown in the Table below. Results for each standard sample are expressed as the difference between the mean of the negative control plus two standard deviations and the mean of the sample minus two standard deviations (delta). If delta is greater than zero, the sample is considered positive. These results indicate a sensitivity of about 103-104 HAV molecules.

Table

	<u>Sample</u>	Amount	<u>Delta</u>
20			
	uninfected cells	. 10 ⁵	
	uninfected cells	104	-0.26
	uninfected cells	10 ³	-0.25
25	uninfected cells	10 ²	-0.16
	HAV-infected cells	10 ⁵	15.52
	HAV-infected cells	104	2.59
	HAV-infected cells	10 ³	-0.09
	HAV-infected cells	10 ²	-0.03

Modifications of the above-described modes for carrying out the invention that are obvious to those of skill in biochemistry, nucleic acid hybridization assays, and related fields are intended to be within the scope of the following claims.

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PCT/US92/11348

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SEQUENCE LISTING

	(1) GENE	RAL INFORMATION:
5	(i)	APPLICANT: Kolberg, Janice A. Urdea, Michael S.
	(ii)	TITLE OF INVENTION: HAV PROBES FOR USE IN SOLUTION PHASE SANDWICH HYBRIDIZATION ASSAYS
	(iii)	NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 39
10	(iv)	CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS: (A) ADDRESSEE: Morrison & Foerster (B) STREET: 545 Middlefield Road, Suite 200 (C) CITY: Menlo Park (D) STATE: California (E) COUNTRY: USA (F) ZIP: 94025
15	(v)	COMPUTER READABLE FORM: (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
20	(vi)	CURRENT APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: UNKNOWN (B) FILING DATE: (C) CLASSIFICATION:
	(viii)	ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION: (A) NAME: Fitts, Renee A. (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: P35,136 (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 22300-20237.00
25	(ix)	TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION: (A) TELEPHONE: 415-327-7250 (B) TELEFAX: 415-327-2951 (C) TELEX: 706141
30	(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 7 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

	TGACTGN	•
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 26 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:	
10	CGTGTGGAGA CACGGGTCCT ATGCCT	26
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 60 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:	
	GATGTGGTTG TCGTACTTGA TGTGGTTGTC GTACTTGATG TGGTTGTCGT ACTTGCGTAG	60
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:	
	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 16 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
25		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:	
	TCCACGAAAA AAAAAA	16
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:	
30	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 12 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
35		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:	•

-25-

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:	
10	ATAGAAGTAT TAGCCTAAGA GGTTTCACCC GTA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:	
15	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:	
20	CCGCCGCTGT TRCCCTATCC AARGCATCTC TTC	33
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:	
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:	
	TGAATGGTTT TTGTCTTAAC AACTCACCAA TAT	33
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:	
30	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	·

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:	
	GCATCCACTG GATGAGAGYC AGTCCTCCGG CGT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:	
	CTARAGACAG CCCTGACART CAATCCACTC AAT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:	33
20	TTGCCCTAAG CACAGAGAG TCTGRRATTA ARC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:	
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:	
30	TCTCACAGRA TCCCATTTAA GGCCAAATGR TGT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:	
35	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	

	(XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION. SEQ ID NO.13.	
	AAGAACAGTC CAGCTGTCAA TGGAGGGAYC CCC	3:
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:	
-	GTACCTCAGA GGCAAACACC ACATAAGGCC CCA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:	
	TTTAAGAATG AGGAAAAACC TAAATGCCCC TGA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:	
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:	
30	GGAAAATWCC TTGTYTRGAC ATRTTCATTA TTR	3:
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:	
35	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
JJ	• •	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:	
	ACAGGATGTG GTCAAGRCCA CTCCCRACAG TCT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:	
	GAATCATTTG CTCTTCCTCA ATRICTGCCA AAG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:	
20	• •	33
	AAGCWCCAGT CACTGCAGTC CTAWCAACKG AYT (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:	
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:	
30	GAACTGAAGA TTGRTCCACA GAAGTRAART AAG	33
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:	
35	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	•	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:	
	GTTCAAYYTG RTGTRAKCCA ACCTCAGCWG TAT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
	TWGAACYRGG TTTATCAACA GAGGTTYTCA ARG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
20	(XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23: GAATCARGAA AAAYTTYTCY CCCTGAGTYY TCT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
30	ADAGAGCATG TGTAGTRAGC CAATCWGCAG AAT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
35	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:	
	RTTTCACCAC RTCCAATTTT GCAACTTCAT GRA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
	AMCCTTGRAC RGCAAACTGC TCATTRTAYA RTA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
15	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	
	TGCCAAATCT TGCATATGTR TGGTATCTCA ACA	33
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	
	CGCAACGGCC AGAGCCTAGG GCAAGGGGAG AGC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

-31-

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:	
	CTCCATGCTA ATCATGGAGT TGACCCCGCC GGG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:	
	AMACATCTGY GTCCCCAATT TAGACTCCTA CAG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
	GARAGCCAAG TTWACACTGC AAGGTGACGT YCC	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:	
30	GCCTACCCCT TGTGGAAGAT CAAAGAGRTT CAT	33
-	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:	
35	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
33	(-,	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:	
	ARGGTGTRGG RTTTATCTGA ACTTGAATYT CAA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:	
	GAACCATRGC ACARATYARY CCYCCYTGYT GRA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
20	(XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35: AKGATGCTAT HGAACCATAR CTYTGGTCAC YAG	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:	•
25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:	
30	TGCAATTTAA CARACCATGA GGATAAACAG TCA	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:	
35	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	

-33-

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:	
	ATGGAACCTT TATTCTAACY ACATTGTTRA TRT	33
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:	
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:	
	AGGCATAGGA CCCGTGTCTT	20
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:	
15	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:	
20	CTTCTTTGGA GAAAGTGGTG	20
25		
30		
30		

Listings of All

Cycles, Procedures, and Sequences

Used to Synthesize the 15X Comb

Contained on the 3½ floppy disk for the 380B DNA Synthesizer

FILE NAME	LAST ACCESS	DATE CREATED	FILE NAME	LAST ACCESS	DATE CREATED
		FILE TYPE:	SYNTHESIS CYC	LE	
6.4XSC-5 1.2XD-6 ssceaf3 10ceaf3 10ceaf3 10ceaf3 10ceaf3 10ceaf1 hpaf1 rnaaf1 sscef1 10cef1 rnaf1	08 27. 1991 08 27. 1991 01 07. 1990 01 07. 1990	08 27, 1991 08 27, 1991 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990	S.4XS-5 1.2X-6 ceaf3 hpaf3 rmaaf3 sscef3 10cef3 rmaf3 ssceaf1 10ceaf1 10hpaf1 10rmaaf1 cef1 10hpf1	08 27, 1991 08 27, 1991 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990	08 27, 1991 08 27, 1991 01 07, 1990 01 07, 1990
		FILE TYPE:	BOTTLE CHANGE	PROCEDURE	
bc 18 bc 16 bc 14 bc 12 bc 10 bc 8a bc 6 bc 4 bc 2	07 01; 1986 07 01: 1986 07 01: 1985 07 01: 1986 07 01: 1986 07 01: 1986 07 01: 1986 07 01: 1986 07 01: 1986	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986	bc 17 bc 15 bc 13 bc 11 bc 9 bc 7 bc 5 bc 3 bc 1	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986	07 01, 1986 07 01, 1986
		FILE TYPE:	END PROCEDURE		
CAP-PRIM deprce deprhp deprna	'08 27, 1991 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990	08 27, 1991 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990	CE NH3 deprce10 deprhp10 deprne10	08 27, 1991 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990	08 27, 1991 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990 10 08, 1990
		FILE TYPE:	BEGIN PROCEDU	RE	
STD PREP	08 27, 1991	08 27, 1991	phos 003	07 01, 1985	07 01, 1986
		FILE TYPE:	SHUT-DOWN PRO	CEDURE	
clean003 .	07 01, 1986	07 01, 1986	······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•		FILE TYPE:	DNA SEQUENCES	;	•
15X-2	08 27, 1991	08 27, 1991	_ iSX-1	08 27, 1991	08 27. 1991

STEP NUMBER		NCTION NAME	step <u>HME</u>	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A 6 C T 5 6 7	SAFE . STEP
MUNDER		13111			
t	10	#18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes .
2	9	\$18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes
3	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
4	1	Black Flush	3	Yes	Yes
5	5	Advance FC	<u> </u>	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
6	. 28	Phos Prep	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
7	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
8	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
9	19	B+TET To Col 1	.8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
10	90	TET To Column	'4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
11	-45	Group 1 Off	1	Yes yes yes tes tes tes	Yes
12	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
13	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
14	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
15	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
16	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
17	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18	98	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
19	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Ye
20	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yees Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
, 5				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
21	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
22	4	Wait	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
23	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
24	98	TET To Column	1.0	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
26	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
28	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
29	98	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
30	` 28	8+TET To Col Z	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
31	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
32	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
33	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
34	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
35	21	B+TET To Col 3	, 8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
36	. 90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
37	-58	Group 3 Off	1 70	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
38	4	Wait	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
39	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
48	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
41	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes-
42	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes *
43	-46	Group 1 Off	1	103 103 105 155 155	

STEP NUMBER	FU #	NCTION NAME	STEP TIME	A .	STEP	ACT:	EVE I	FOR 1	BASES	5 <u>· 7</u>	SAFE STEP
44	+47	Group 2 On	t ·	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
45	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
45	20	B+TET To Col 2			Yes						Yes
47	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
48	-48	Group 2 Off			Yes						Yes
49	+49	Group 3 On			Yes						Yes
50	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
51	. 21	B+TET To Col 3			Yes						Yes
51 52	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
5 2	-50	Group 3 Off			Yes						Yes
54	4	Wait			Yas						Yes
55	+45	Group 1 On			Yes						Yes
56	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
57	19	B+TET To Col 1			Yes						Yes
58	90	TET To Column	-		Yes						Yes
59	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
60	+47	Group 2 On			Yes						Yes
61	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
62	20	B+TET To Col 2			Yes						Yes
63	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
64	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
65	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
66	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
67	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
68	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
69	-50	Group 3 Off	. 1	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	. Yes
70	4	Wait	30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
71	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
72	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
73	19	B+TET To Col 1			Yes						Yes
74	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
75	-46	Group 1 Off			Yas						Yes
76	+47	Group 2 On			Yes						Yes
77	30	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
78	20	B+TET To Col 2			Yes						Yes
79	30	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
80	-48	Group 2 Off	Ţ	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
81	+49	Group 3 On			Yes						Yes
82	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
83	21	B+TET To Col 3			Yes						Yes
84	90	TET To Column			Yes						Yes
85	-50	Group 3 Off	-		Yes						Yes
86	4	Wait			Yes						Yes
87	+45	Group 1 On			Yes						Yes
88	98	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	T 03	165	165	105	Yes_

STEP		NCTION	STEP TIME		ACTIVE F	OR BASES	7_	SAFE STEP
NUMBER*	_#_	NAME	1105		<u> </u>			
		8+TET To Col 1	_ 8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
89	19. 90	TET To Column	= 4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
90	-45	Group 1 Off	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
91	+47	Group 2 On	Ĭ	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
9Z 93	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
94	20	B+TET To CoI 2	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
9 5	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
96	· -48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
97	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
98	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
99	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
100	50	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
101	-5 0	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
102	4	Wait	30	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes.
103	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
104	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
105	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
105	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
107	-46	Group 1 Off	t	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
108	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
109	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
110	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
111	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
112	-48	Group Z Off	ſ	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Ye5	Yes Yes
113	+49	Group 3 On	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	165 You	Yes
114	98	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
115	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	163	Yes
116	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	163 Voc	Yes
117	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Tes Tes	Var	Yes
118	4	Wait	3 0	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Tes Tes	Yes	Yes
119	+45	Group 1 On	· •	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	765 165	199	Yes
120	90	TET To Column	18	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	V44	Yes
121	119	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	105 105	Vac	Yes
122	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	103 103 Vac Vac	Yes	Yes
123	-46	Group Off	t	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	183 163	Yes	Yes
124	+47	Group Z On	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	165 165 Vas Vas	Yes	Yes
125	98	TET To Column	10	Yes Tes	Yes Yes	Ves Yes	Yes	Yes
126	20	B+TET To Col 2	, 8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Ves Ves	Yes	Yes
127	90	TET To Calumn	4	785 T65	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
128		Group 2 Off	ţ	198 163	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
129		Group 3 On	1.0	108 (08 Vac Vac	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
130	90	TET To Column	10	Vac Vac	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes '
131	21	B+TET To Col 3	8 4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
132	90	TET To Column	ī	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes -
133	-50	Group 3 Off	•	,	• • • • • •			•

⁽Continued next page.)

STEP	FU	NCTION	STEP				EVE F				SAFE
NUMBER"	#	NAME	TIME	<u>A</u>	6	Ç		_5_	_6_	_7_	STEP.
134	4	Wait	<i>=</i> 30				Yes				Yes
135	10	#18 To Waste	S				Yes				Yes
136	Z	Reverse Flush	5			. – -	Yes				Yes
137	1	Block Flush	4				Yes				Yes
138	81	#15 To Waste	3				Yes				Yes
139	13	#15 To Column	22				Yes				Yes
140	10	#18 To Waste	5-				Yes				Yes
141	. 4	Wait	30				Yes				Yes
1.42	2	Reverse Flush	5				Yes				Yes
143	t	Block Flush	4				Yes				Yes
144	9	#18 To Column	10				Yes				Yes
1 45	34	Flush to Waste	5				Yes				Yes
145	9	#18 To Column	10				Yes				Yes
147	2	Reverse Flush	5				Yes				Yes
148	9.	#18 To Column	10				Yes				Yes
149	2	Reverse Flush	5				Yes				Yes
150	9	#18 To Column	10				Yes				Yes
151	2	Reverse Flush	5				Yes				Yes
152	1	Block Flush	4				Yes				Yes
153	33	Cycle Entry	1				Yes				Yes
154	6	Waste-Port	1				Yes				Yes
155	37	Relay 3 Pulse	. <u>1</u>				Yes				Yes
156	82	#14 To Waste	3				Yes				Yes
157	30	#17 To Waste	3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	105	103	Yes Yes
158	10	#18 To Waste	5				Yes				Yes
159	9	#18 To Column	20				Yes				No.
160	11	\$17 To Column	60	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	165	105	162	
161	14	#14 To Column	20	Yes	Yes	163	Yes	765	105	183	No No
162	2	Reverse Flush	7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	163	7 63	162	No No
163	11	\$17 To Column	15				Yes				No
164	34	Flush to Waste	.5	105	785	185	Yes	169	165	185	No
165	11	\$17 To Column	15	195	165	163	Yes	103	100 Vac	Ves	No
166	٠ 2	Reverse Flush	5				Yes				No
167	14	#14 To Column	20				Yes				No
168	. 34	Flush to Waste	10	100	7-2	1 0 3	Yes	V	V	V	Yes
169	7	Waste-Bottle	1				·Yes				Yes
170	9	#18 To Column	10				Yes				Yes
171	2	Reverse Flush	5				Yes				
172	9	\$18 To Column	10				Yes				Yes
173	Z	Reverse Flush	5	Yes	763 V	7 4 4	Yes	Yac	Yes	Yes	
174	9	\$18 To Column	, ,	7 65 V	V	Y==	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
175	2	Reverse Flush	5 3	753	100 Vac	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
175	1	Block Flush	3	163		. 63		. 43			

			Law in the state of the state o	
			المترسل الملي المرابع	
		STEP	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES	SAFE .
STEP	FUNCTION	TEME	A 6 C T 5 6 7	STEP
NUMBER	# NAME	11115		
_	10 #18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes .
1	10 #18 To Waste 9 #18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
2	2 Reverse Flush	Ś	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
3		3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
4		ī	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
5	_	. 3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
6		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
7	+45 Group 1 On 90 TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
8	19 B+TET To Cal 1	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
9	90 TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
10	-46 Group 1 Off	ı	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
11	+47 Group 2 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes-
12	30 TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
13	Ze B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
14	90 TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
15	-48 Group 2 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
16	+49 Group 3 On	i	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
17	90 TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18	21 B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
19		4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
20		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
21	-50 Group 3 Off 4 Wait	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
22		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
23		10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
24		8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25		4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27		1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
28		10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
29		8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
30	'98 TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
31	-48 Group 2 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
32	+49 Group 3 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
33 74	90 TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
34 3=	21 B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
35 36	98 TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	-50 Group 3 Off	' 1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
37 38	4 Wait	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
3 9	+45 Group I On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
48:	ge TET To Column	10	Ves yes yes yes yes yes yes	Yes,
41	19 B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
42	- 98 TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
.43	-46 Group 1 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
· 4 3	-49 ALAMP . 2			

STEP NUMBER	FUI	NCTION NAME	STEP TIME	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A 6 C T 5 6 7	SAFE STEP
44	+47	Group 2 On	= 1 -	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	yes Yes
45	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
45		=	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
47	90	TET To Column	ĭ	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
48	-48	Group 2 Off	i	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
49	+49	Group 3 On TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
50 51	90			Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
•	· 21	B+TET To Cal 3	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
52		TET To Column	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
53		Group 3 Off	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
54	4	Wait	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
55	+45	Group 1 On	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
56	90	TET To Column	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
57	19	B+TET To Col 1	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
58	90	TET To Column	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
59		Group 1 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
60	+47	Group 2 On	•	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
61		TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
62	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
63		TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
64		Group 2 Off	!	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
65		Group 3 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
66	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
67	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
68	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	yes
69	-50	Group 3 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
70	4	Wait	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
71	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
72	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
73	19	B+TET To Col 1	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
74	90	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
75	-45	Group Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
75		Group 2 On	t.	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
77	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
78	20	B+TET To Col 2	8 4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
79		TET To Column	•	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
80	-48	Group 2 Off	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
81	+49	Group 3 On	• • •	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
82	90	TET To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
83	21	B+TET To Col 3	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
84	98	TET To Column	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
85	-50	Group 3 Off	1 70	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
86	4	Wait	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
87	+45	Group 1 On	1	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s Yes
88	90	TET To Column	. 10	193 (53 194 194 194 194 19	

			CTEB	-	TEP	ACTI	VE F	OR E	ASES	;	SAFE
STEP		NCTION	STEP	_A_				5	6	7	STEP
NUMBER	_#_	NAME	TIME	_п_							•
89	19	B+TET To Col I	- 8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
90	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
91	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes -
92	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
93	90	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	20	B+TET To Col 2	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
94	90	TET To Column	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes
95	· -48	Group 2 Off	i	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes .
		Group 3 On	i	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
97	+49	TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
98	90	B+TET To Col 3	.0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
99	21	TET To Column	. 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
100	90		1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
101	-50	Group 3 Off	30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
102	4	Wait	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
103	+45	Group I On TET To Column	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
104	90		8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
105	19	B+TET To Col 1	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
106	90	TET To Column	ī	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
107	-46	Group Off	i	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
108	+47	Group 2 On	10	Ves	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
109	98	TET To Column	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
110	28	B+TET To Col 2	4	Vas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
111	90	TET To Column	i	Ves	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
112	-48	Group 2 Off	i	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yas
113	+49	Group 3 On	1.0	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-Yes
114	90	TET To Column	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
115	21	B+TET To Col 3	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
116	98	TET To Column	i	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
117	-50	Group 3 Off	3 9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
118	4	Wait	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
119	+45	Group 1 On	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
120	90	TET To Column	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
121	, 19	B+TET To Col I	4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
122	98	TET To Column	ĭ	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
123	-45	Group I Off	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes .
124	+47	Group 2 On	10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yas	Yes	Yes
125	90	TET To Column	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
126	20	B+TET To Col 2	' 4	Vac	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
127	98	TET To Column	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
128	-48	Group 2 Off	1	V==	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
129	+49	Group 3 On	10	Y==	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	. Yes,
130	90	TET To Column	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	· Yes
131	21	B+TET To Col 3	4	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
132	98	TET To Column	i	Yas	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes_
133	-50	Group 3 Off	ŧ	163	, . 65						•

STEP	FU	NCTION	STEP	STE	P ACTIVE FCR BASES	SAFE
NUMBER*	#	NAME	TIME		C T 5 6 7	STEP
						
134	4	Wait	=0	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
135	16	Cap Prep	3	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
136	10	#18 To Waste	3	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
137 ·	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
138	1	Block Flush	4	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
139	91	Cap To Column	22	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
140	10	\$18 To Waste	3-	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
141	4	Wait	30		s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
142	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
143	1	Block Flush	4	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
144	81	#15 To Waste	3	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
145	13	#15 To Column	22	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
146	10	#18 To Waste	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
147	4	Wait	30	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes.
148	2	Reverse Flush	6	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
149	1	Block Flush	4	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
150	9	#18 To Column	10	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
151	34	Flush to Waste	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
152	9	#18 To Column	10	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
153	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
154	9	#18 To Column	10	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
155	2	Reverse Flush	S	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
156	9	#18 To Column	10	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
157	2	Reverse Flush	S	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes. Yes	Yes .
158	1	Block Flush	4	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
159	33	Cycle Entry	1		s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
160	6	Waste-Port	1	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
161	37	Relay 3 Pulse	i .	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
162	82	#14 To Waste	3	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
163	30	\$17 To Waste	3	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
164	10	\$18 To Waste	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
165	9	\$18 To Column	20	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
166	11	\$17 To Column	60	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	. No
167	14	\$14 To Column	28	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
168	2	Reverse Flush	7	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
169	11	\$17 To Column	15		s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
178	34	Flush to Waste	5	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	. No
171	11		. 15	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
172	2		, is	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
173	_	\$14 To Column	20	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
174		Flush to Waste	10	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No
175	_	Waste-Bottle	1	Yes Ye	s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
176		\$18 To Column	10		s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
177	2		S		s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
178		#18 To Column	10		s Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	

⁽Continued next page.)

STEP NUMBER	FUNCTION # NAME	STEP TIME	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A G C T 5 5 7	SAFE STEP
179	2 Reverse Flush	_ 5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes
180	9 #18 To Calumn	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
181	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes .
182	t Block Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes

STEP	FU	NCTION	STEP		ACTIVE FOR		SAFE
NUMBER	_#_	NAME	HIME	<u>A 6</u>	C T 5	<u> 5 7</u>	STEP
		•					.,
1	10		2		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
2	9	#18 To Column	9		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
3	2		5		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
4	1	Block Flush	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
5	5		<u>1</u>		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
6	· 28	Phos Prep	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
7	+45	Group On	1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
8	90	TET To Calumn	6		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
9	19	B+TET To Col 1	8		Yes Yes Yes		
10	90	TET To Column	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
11	19	B+TET To Col 1	· 3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
12	90	TET To Column	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
13	19	8+TET To Col 1	3		Yes Yes Yes	-	Yes
14	9	#18 To Column	1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
15	-46	Group 1 Off	ī		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
16	+47	Group 2 On	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
17	10	#18 To Waste	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
18	1	Block Flush	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
19	90	TET To Column	8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
20	20	8+TET To Col 2	6		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
21	90	TET To Column	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
22	20	B+TET To Col 2	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
23	90	TET To Column	, 3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
24	20	B+TET To Col Z	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
25	9	\$18 To Column	1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
26	-48	Group 2 Off	1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
27	+49	Group 3 On	1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
28	10	\$18 To Waste	4	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
29	1	Block Flush	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
30	90	TET To Column	6		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
31	' 21	8+TET To Col 3	6		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
32	90	TET To Column	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
33	21	B+TET To Col 3	3		Yes Yes Yes		, Yes
34	98	TET To Column	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
35.	21	B+TET To Col 3	3		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
36		\$18 To Column	1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
37	-50	Group 3 Off	' 1		Yes Yes Yes		Yes
38	4	Wait	20	Yes Yes	Yas Yas Ya	Yes Yes	Yes
39	2	Reverse Flush	5			Yes	Yes
40	10		2			Yes	Yes
41	9		9			Yes	Yes
42	. 2	Reverse Flush	5			Yes	Yes
43	10	\$18 To Waste	3			Yes	Yes

STEP	FU	NCTION	STEP	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A G C T S G 7	SAFE STEP
NUMBER	_#_	NAME	TIME	AGCISSI	3161
		Disch Clock	- 3	Yes	Yes
44	1	Block Flush	- 1	Yes	Yes
45	+45	Group 1 On	6	Yes	Yes "
46	90	TET To Column B+TET To Col 1	6	Yes	Yes
47	19		3	Yes	Yes
48	90	TET To Column B+TET To Col 1	3	Yes	Yes
49	19		3	Yes	Yes
50	90	TET To Column B+TET To Col !	3	Yes	Yes
51	. 19		1	Yes	Yes
52	9	\$18 To Column	1	Yes	Yes
53	-46	Group 1 Off	1	Yes	Yes
54	+47	Group 2 On	4	Yes	Yes
55	10	#18 To Waste	3	Yes	Yes
56	1	Block Flush TET To Column	6	Yes	Yes
57	90		6	Yes	Yes
58	20	B+TET To Col 2	3	Yes	Yes
59	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes
60	28	B+TET To Col 2	3	· Yes	Yes
61	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes
62	20	B+TET To Col 2	1	Yes	Yes
53	9	\$18 To Column	1	Yes	Ye
64	-48	Group 2 Off	•		
5		C 7 O-	t	Yes	Yes
6 5	+49	Group 3 On	4	Yes	Yes
66	10	\$18 To Waste	3	Yes	Yes
67	I CO	Block Flush	6	Yes	Yes
68	90	TET To Column B+TET To Col 3	6	Yes	Yes
69	21		3	Yes	Yes
70	90	TET To Column	3	Yes	Yes
71	21	B+TET To Col 3	3	Yes	Yes
72	98	TET To Column B+TET To Col 3	3	Yes	Yes
73	21	\$18 To Column	ī	Yes	Yes
74	9		i	Yes	Yes
75	·-50	Group 3 Off	20	Yes	Yes
76	4	Wait Cap Prep	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
77	16	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
78		Block Flush	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
79	1		12	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
80	91	\$18 To Waste	' 3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
81	10	Wait	8	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
82	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
83	_	\$15 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
84	81 13	\$15 To Column	18	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes '
8 5	10	\$18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
86 87	4	Vait	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes_
. 88	Ž	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes *
	-				

STEP		NCTION	STEP		EP S	ACTI C	VE I	FOR 1	BASES	5 7	SAFE STEP
NUMBER	#_	NAME	TIME	<u>A</u> 6	2		<u> </u>	-3			<u> </u>
89	9	#18 To Column	= 9	Yes Ye	e 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
90	34	Flush to Waste	S	Yes Ye							Yes
91	9	#18 To Column	9	Yes Ye	es	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
92	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Ye							Yes
93	9	#18 To Column	9	Yes Y							Yes
94	2	Reverse Flush	Š	Yes Y	85	Yes.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
95	1	Block Flush	3	Yes Ye							Yes
96 ·	33		· i	Yes Y							Yes
97	9	\$18 To Column	9	Yes Y							Yes
98	2	Reverse Flush	Š	Yes Y							Yes
99	6	Waste-Port	ī	Yes Y	es	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
100	_	#17 To Waste .	3	Yes Y							Yes
101	11	#17 To Column	7	Yes Y							No
102	34	Flush to Waste	1	Yes Ye							No
103	11	\$17 To Column	7	Yes Y							No
104	34	Flush to Waste	i	Yes Y							No
105	11	\$17 To Column	7	Yes Y							No
105	34	Flush to Waste	i	Yes Y							No
107	11	\$17 To Column	7	Yes Y							No
108	34	Flush to Waste	ί	Yes Y							No
109	11	\$17 To Column	ż	Yes Y							No
110	34	Flush to Waste		Yes Y							No
111	11	\$17 To Column	7	Yes Y							No
112	34	Flush to Waste	Ś	Yes Y							No
113	9	\$18 To Column	9	Yes Y							No
114	34	Flush to Waste	. 7	Yes Y							No
115	7	Waste-Bottle	i	Yes Y							Yes
116	ģ		9	Yes Y							Yes
117	2		Š	Yes Y	85	Yas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
118	9		9	Yes Y							Yes
119	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Š	Yes Y	05	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
170	1	Rlock Flush	3	Yes Y	85	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1 10 \$18 To Waste 2 Yes	STEP NUMBER	- FUNCTION # NAME	STEP IIME	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A G C T S G 7	SAFE ,
2 9 18 To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 4 1 8 lock Flush 5 Advance FC 6 28 Phos Prep 7 +45 Group 1 On 8 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 9 TET To Column 8 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 9 TET To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 10 90 TET To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 11 19 B+TET To Col 1 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 12 90 TET To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 13 19 B+TET To Col 1 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 14 9 18 To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 15 -46 Group 1 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 16 +47 Group 2 On 17 10 \$18 To Uaste 18 1 Block Flush 19 00 TET To Column 19 00 TET To Column 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 15 -46 Group 1 Off 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 16 19 10 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 17 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 18 10 Slock Flush 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 18 10 Slock Flush 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 19 00 TET To Column 10 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 10 Ye	NONDER				
Service Serv	1	10 #18 To Wa		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
## 1 Block Flush 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Y	2		**····	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
## Advance FC 1		2 Reverse F		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
### Second On 1 Yes	4		•,,,	Yes yes yes yes yes yes	
## 5 Froup 1 On 1 Yes	5		<u>.</u>	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	-
1	6	28 Phos Prep		Yes les les les les les les	_
9 19 8+TET To Col 1	7		"	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
10	8		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
1	9	19 B+TET To		162 162 162 162 163 163 163	
12 96 TET To Column 13 19 8+TET To Col 1 14 9 \$18 TO Column 15 +47 6roup 2 On 16 +47 6roup 2 On 17 10 \$18 TO Waste 18 1 8 Block Flush 19 90 TET To Column 20 90 HTET To Column 21 90 TET To Column 22 98 HTET To Col 2 23 90 TET To Column 24 25 93 \$18 TO Column 25 94 Start To Column 26 47 Start To Column 27 Start To Column 28 HTET To Column 29 TET To Column 20 TET To Column 20 TET To Column 21 Yes	10			Yes yes yes yes yes yes	
13 18 B+TET To Col 1 1	11	19 B+TET To		Yes yes yes yes yes yes	
13	12			Yes yes yes yes yes yes yes	
15	13			Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
1			Z-011111	Yes res res res res res res	
18	15		, .	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
	15		••	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
19 90 TET To Column 20 20 8+TET To Col 2 21 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 22 20 8+TET To Col 2 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 23 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 24 20 8+TET To Col 2 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 25 9 \$18 To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 26 -48 Group 2 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 27 +49 Group 3 On 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 28 10 \$18 To Waste 4 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 29 1 Block Flush 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 30 98 TET To Column 5 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 31 21 8+TET To Col 3 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 32 99 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 33 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 34 99 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 35 21 8+TET To Col 3 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 36 9 \$18 To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 37 -50 Group 3 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 38 4 Wait 20 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 30 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 31 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 32 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 33 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 34 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 35 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 36 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 37 -50 Group 3 Off 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 38 4 Wait 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 Yes 39 Yes Y	17			Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
20	18		•••	Tes tes tes tes tes tes tes	Yes
20	19			Yes les les les les les les les	· - -
22 20 8+TET To Col 2 3 Yes	20		•••	Var Var Var Var Var Yar Yes Yes	
23 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 24 20 8+TET To Col 2 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 25 9 \$18 To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 26 -48 Group 2 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 27 +49 Group 3 On 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 28 10 \$18 To Waste 29 1 Block Flush 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 30 90 TET To Column 4 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 31 'ZI B+TET To Col 3 6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 32 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 33 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 34 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 35 21 8+TET To Col 3 7 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 36 9 \$18 To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 37 -50 Group 3 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 38 4 Wait 20 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 16 Cap Prep 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 40 2 Reverse Flush 5 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 41 1 Block Flush 6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 42 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 44 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 45 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 46 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 47 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 48 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 49 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 40 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 41 1 Block Flush 42 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 44 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 45 Yes 46 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 47 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 48 Yes 4				Van Van Van Van Van Van Van Van	Yes
24	22			Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Yes Yes	
25 9 \$18 To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 26 -48 Group 2 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 27 +49 Group 3 On 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 28 10 \$18 To Waste 29 1 Block Flush 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 30 90 TET To Column 6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 31 21 B+TET To Col 3 6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 32 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 33 21 B+TET To Col 3 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 34 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 35 21 B+TET To Col 3 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 36 9 \$18 To Column 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 37 -50 Group 3 Off 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 38 4 Wait 20 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 39 16 Cap Prep 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 40 2 Reverse Flush 5 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 42 91 Cap To Column 7 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 45 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 46 Yes	23			165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165	Yes
25	_		-	Ver Ver Ver Ver Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27 +49 Group 3 On 1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 28 10 \$18 To Waste 4 Yes	25		TRutt	Vac Vac Vac Vac Vac Vac Vac Vac	Yes
28 10 \$18 To Waste			'''	Var Var Vas Yas Yas Yes Yes	Yes
1 Block Flush 3 Yes			•	Ves Ves Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
99 TET To Column 6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 31 '21 B+TET To Col 3 6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 32 99 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 33 21 B+TET To Col 3 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 34 99 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 35 21 B+TET To Col 3 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 36 9 \$18 To Column 1 Yes				Ves Ves Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
31 ' ZI B+TET To Col 3			_	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
31 21 BYTET TO COLUMN 3				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
22 35 12 1 8+TET To Col 3 3 Yes				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
34 90 TET To Column 3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 35 21 B+TET To Col 3 3 Yes				Ves Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
35 21 8+TET To Col 3 3 Yes			_	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
35			· - - ·	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
37 -50 Group 3 Off 1 Yes				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
38				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
39 16 Cap Prep 3 Yes			• • •	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
40 2 Reverse Flush 5 Yes				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
41 1 Block Flush 3 Yes	_			Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
42 91 Cap To Column 12 Yes				Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
7 Ves Ves Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes			_	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
	_	·	_	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	

⁽Continued next page.)

STEP		NCTION	STEP		ACTIVE FOR BASES	SAFE
NUMBER	#	NAME	TIME	<u>A 6</u>	C T 5 6 7	STEE
44	4	Wait	= 8	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
45	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
46	91	#15 To Waste	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
47	13	#15 To Column	10		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
48	10	#18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
49	4	Wait	15	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
50	2	Reverse Flush	_. 5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
5 1	. 9	#18 To Column	9		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
52	34	Flush to Waste	5		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
53	9.	#18 To Column	9	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
54	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
55	9	#18 To Column	9		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
56	2	Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
57	1	Block Flush	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
58	33	Cycle Entry	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
5 9	9	#18 To Column	9		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
50	Z	Reverse Flush	S	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
61	6	Waste-Port	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
62	30	#17 To Waste	3		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
63	11	#17 To Column	7	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
64	34	Flush to Waste	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
65	11	#17 To Column	7		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
66	34	Flush to Weste	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
67	11	#17 To Calumn	7		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
68	34	Flush to Waste	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
69	11	#17 To Column	7		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
70	34	Flush to Waste	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
71	11	#17 To Column	7		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Na
72	34	Flush to Waste	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
73	11	\$17 To Column	7		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
74	34	Flush to Waste	· 5		Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
75	9	#18 To Column	9		Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
76	' 34	Flush to Waste	7		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No
77	7	Waste-Bottle	1		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
78	9		9		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
79	2		5		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
80	9	\$18 To Column	9		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
81	2	Reverse Flush	5		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
82	1	Block Flush	' 3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes

STEP	FUNCTION # NAME	STEP TIME	STEP ACTIVE FOR BASES A G C T S G 7	SAFE ,
<u>NUMBER</u>	- NITTLE			
•	10 #18 To Waste	2	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes,
l	9 \$18 To Column	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
2 3	2 Reverse Flush	20	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
3 4	1 Block Flush	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	16 Cap Prep	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
5 6	91 Cap To Column	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
5	10 #18 To Waste	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
7	t Block Flush	4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
8 [.] 9	4 Wait	300	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
	16 Cap Prep	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
10	91 Cap To Column	30	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
11	· · · · · · · · · ·	3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
12		4	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
13		300	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
14	4 Wait 2 Reverse Flush	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
15		3	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18		15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
17		10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18	2 Reverse Flush	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
19	9 #18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
20	2 Reverse Flush	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
21	9 #18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
22	2 Reverse Flush	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
23	g #18 To Column	10	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
24	2 Reverse Flush	15	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	9 \$18 To Column	60	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	2 Reverse Flush	5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27	1 Block Flush	3	100 100 100 100 100	

STEP	FL	JNCTION	STEP	STEP	ACTIVE FOR BASES	SAFE
NUMBER	#	NAME	THE	A 6	C T 5 6 7	STEP
_	_					
1	. 2		60	· · - -	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
2	27	#10 To Collect	17		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
3	10	#18 To Waste	5		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
4	1	Block Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
5	4	Wait	, <u>6</u> 60	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
6 .	27	#10 To Collect	18	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
7	18	#18 To Weste	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
8	1	Block Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
9	4	Wait	660	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
10	27	#10 To Collect	18	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
11	10	#18 To Waste	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
12	1	Block Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
13	4	Wait	660	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
14	27	\$10 To Collect	17	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
15	10	#18 To Waste	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
16	1	Block Flush	5	Yes Yes	Yes Yes.Yes Yes Yes	Yes
17	4	Wait	860	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
18		Flush To CLCT	9		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
19	27		14		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
20	8	Flush To CLCT	9	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
21	2		60		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
22	1		4		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
23	•	\$18 To Waste	5		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
24			30		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	_	Reverse Flush	6 0		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
25	ī		10		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes
27	42	#10 Vent	2		Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes

Alfrotection
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STEP	EII	NCTION	STEP		STEP	ACT	CVE F	FOR I	BASE:	\$	SAFE	3
NUMBER		NAME	TIME	<u>A</u>	6	Ç	<u>T</u>	_5_	- 6	<u>7</u>	STEP -	
1	28	Phos Prep	10						Yes		Yes	*
2 .	52	A To Waste	5						Yes		Yes	
3	53	6 To Waste	5						Yes		Yes	
4	54	C To Waste	S	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	55	T To Waste	. 5						Yes		Yes	
6	· 56	#5 To Waste	· 5						Yes		Yes	
7	57	#6 To Waste	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	58	\$7 To Waste	Š	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
8 9	50 61	TET To Waste	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		#18 To Waste	10						Yes		Yes	
10	10		10						Yes		Yes	
11	16	Cap Prep	5						Yes		Yes	
12	59	Cap A To Waste	5						Yes		Yes	
13	60	Cap B To Waste	8	Vas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14	81	#15 To Waste	8	Ves	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15	82	#14 To Waste	10	Vac	Vas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
16	30	#17 To Waste		Vos	V	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
17	10	#18 To Waste	15						Yes		Yes	
18	1	Block Flush	15	163	163	163	. 63	, 65				

S'- GET GIT TEG ITE ITE ITE ITE ITE ITE ITE

DNA SEQUENCE VERSION Z.00

SEQUENCE NAME:

SEQUENCE LENGTH: 10

DATE:

Aug 27, 199

15X-2

TIME: 14:06

COMMENT:

5'- 77T GAC TG5 T -3'

PCT/US92/11348

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-54-

Claims

 A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as an amplifier probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HAV comprising

a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid; and

a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide acid multimer,

wherein the HAV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of

```
ATAGAAGTATTAGCCTAAGAGGTTTCACCCGTA (SEQ ID NO:6),
         CCGCCGCTGTTRCCCTATCCAARGCATCTCTTC (SEQ ID NO:7),
15
         TGAATGGTTTTTGTCTTAACAACTCACCAATAT (SEQ ID NO:8),
         GCATCCACTGGATGAGAGYCAGTCCTCCGGCGT (SEQ ID NO:9),
         CTARAGACAGCCCTGACARTCAATCCACTCAAT (SEQ ID NO:10),
         TTGCCCTAAGCACAGAGAGGTCTGRRATTAARC (SEQ ID NO:11),
         TCTCACAGRATCCCATTTAAGGCCAAATGRTGT (SEQ ID NO:12),
20
         AAGAACAGTCCAGCTGTCAATGGAGGGAYCCCC (SEQ ID NO:13),
         GTACCTCAGAGGCAAACACCACATAAGGCCCCA (SEQ ID NO:14),
         TTTAAGAATGAGGAAAAACCTAAATGCCCCTGA (SEQ ID NO:15),
         GGAAAATWCCTTGTYTRGACATRTTCATTATTR (SEQ ID NO:16),
         ACAGGATGTGGTCAAGRCCACTCCCRACAGTCT (SEQ ID NO:17),
25
         GAATCATTTGCTCTTCCTCAATRTCTGCCAAAG (SEQ ID NO:18),
         AAGCWCCAGTCACTGCAGTCCTAWCAACKGAYT (SEQ ID NO:19),
          GAACTGAAGATTGRTCCACAGAAGTRAARTAAG (SEQ ID NO:20),
          GTTCAAYYTGRTGTRAKCCAACCTCAGCWGTAT (SEQ ID NO:21),
          TWGAACYRGGTTTATCAACAGAGGTTYTCAARG (SEQ ID NO:22),
30
          GAATCARGAAAAYTTYTCYCCCTGAGTYYTCT (SEQ ID NO:23),
          ADAGAGCATGTGTAGTRAGCCAATCWGCAGAAT (SEQ ID NO:24),
          RTTTCACCACRTCCAATTTTGCAACTTCATGRA (SEQ ID NO:25),
          AMCCTTGRACRGCAAACTGCTCATTRTAYARTA (SEQ ID NO:26), and
          TGCCAAATCTTGCATATGTRTGGTATCTCAACA (SEQ ID NO:27).
35
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-5 **5**-

2. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein said second segment comprises

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:38).

5

- 3. A synthetic oligonucleotide useful as a capture probe in a sandwich hybridization assay for HAV comprising
- a first segment comprising a nucleotide

 10 sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV

 nucleic acid; and
- a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase, wherein said first segment is selected from the group consisting of

```
CGCAACGGCCAGAGCCTAGGGCAAGGGGAGAGC (SEQ ID NO:28),
CTCCATGCTAATCATGGAGTTGACCCCGCCGGG (SEQ ID NO:29),
AMACATCTGYGTCCCCAATTTAGACTCCTACAG (SEQ ID NO:30),

GARAGCCAAGTTWACACTGCAAGGTGACGTYCC (SEQ ID NO:31),
GCCTACCCCTTGTGGAAGATCAAAGAGRTTCAT (SEQ ID NO:32),
ARGGTGTRGGRTTTATCTGAACTTGAATYTCAA (SEQ ID NO:33),
GAACCATRGCACARATYARYCCYCCYTGYTGRA (SEQ ID NO:34),
AKGATGCTATHGAACCATARCTYTGGTCACYAG (SEQ ID NO:35),

TGCAATTTAACARACCATGAGGATAAACAGTCA (SEQ ID NO:36), and
ATGGAACCTTTATTCTAACYACATTGTTRATRT (SEQ ID NO:37).
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4. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 3, wherein said second segment comprises

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CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:39).

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5. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as amplifier probes in a sandwich hybridization assay for HAV comprising two oligonucleotides,

wherein each oligonucleotide comprises:

a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid; and

a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide acid multimer,

wherein said HAV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of

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ATAGAAGTATTAGCCTAAGAGGTTTCACCCGTA (SEQ ID NO:6),
          CCGCCGCTGTTRCCCTATCCAARGCATCTCTTC (SEQ ID NO:7),
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          TGAATGGTTTTTGTCTTAACAACTCACCAATAT (SEQ ID NO:8),
          GCATCCACTGGATGAGAGYCAGTCCTCCGGCGT (SEQ ID NO:9),
          CTARAGACAGCCCTGACARTCAATCCACTCAAT (SEQ ID NO:10),
          TTGCCCTAAGCACAGAGAGGTCTGRRATTAARC (SEQ ID NO:11),
          TCTCACAGRATCCCATTTAAGGCCAAATGRTGT (SEQ ID NO:12),
20
          AAGAACAGTCCAGCTGTCAATGGAGGGAYCCCC (SEQ ID NO:13),
          GTACCTCAGAGGCAAACACCACATAAGGCCCCA (SEQ ID NO:14),
          TTTAAGAATGAGGAAAAACCTAAATGCCCCTGA (SEQ ID NO:15),
         GGAAAATWCCTTGTYTRGACATRTTCATTATTR (SEQ ID NO:16),
          ACAGGATGTGGTCAAGRCCACTCCCRACAGTCT (SEQ ID NO:17),
25
          GAATCATTTGCTCTTCCTCAATRTCTGCCAAAG (SEQ ID NO:18),
         AAGCWCCAGTCACTGCAGTCCTAWCAACKGAYT (SEQ ID NO:19),
         GAACTGAAGATTGRTCCACAGAAGTRAARTAAG (SEQ ID NO:20),
          GTTCAAYYTGRTGTRAKCCAACCTCAGCWGTAT (SEQ ID NO:21),
          TWGAACYRGGTTTATCAACAGAGGTTYTCAARG (SEQ ID NO:22),
30
         GAATCARGAAAAYTTYTCYCCCTGAGTYYTCT (SEQ ID NO:23),
         ADAGAGCATGTGTAGTRAGCCAATCWGCAGAAT (SEQ ID NO:24),
         RTTTCACCACRTCCAATTTTGCAACTTCATGRA (SEQ ID NO:25),
         AMCCTTGRACRGCAAACTGCTCATTRTAYARTA (SEQ ID NO:26), and
         TGCCAAATCTTGCATATGTRTGGTATCTCAACA (SEQ ID NO:27).
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6. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 5, wherein said second segment comprises

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT (SEQ ID NO:38).

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7. A set of synthetic oligonucleotides useful as capture probes in a sandwich hybridization assay for HAV comprising two oligonucleotides,

wherein each oligonucleotide comprises:

a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid; and

a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase,

wherein said HAV nucleic acid segment is selected from the group consisting of

CGCAACGGCCAGAGCCTAGGGCAAGGGGAGAGC (SEQ ID NO:28),

20 CTCCATGCTAATCATGGAGTTGACCCCGCCGGG (SEQ ID NO:29),

AMACATCTGYGTCCCCAATTTAGACTCCTACAG (SEQ ID NO:30),

GARAGCCAAGTTWACACTGCAAGGTGACGTYCC (SEQ ID NO:31),

GCCTACCCCTTGTGGAAGATCAAAGAGRTTCAT (SEQ ID NO:32),

ARGGTGTRGGRTTTATCTGAACTTGAATYTCAA (SEQ ID NO:33),

25 GAACCATRGCACARATYARYCCYCCYTGYTGRA (SEQ ID NO:34),

AKGATGCTATHGAACCATARCTYTGGTCACYAG (SEQ ID NO:35),

TGCAATTTAACARACCATGAGGATAAACAGTCA (SEQ ID NO:36), and

ATGGAACCTTTATTCTAACYACATTGTTRATRT (SEQ ID NO:37).

8. The synthetic oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein said second segment comprises

CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG (SEQ ID NO:39).

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9. A solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HAV in a sample, comprising

- (a) contacting the sample under hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) amplifier probes comprising the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 5 and (ii) a capture probe oligonucleotide comprising a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HAV RNA and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;
- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
- (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to 15 the solid phase;
 - (d) contacting the bound product of step (c) under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;
 - (e) removing unbound multimer;
- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the 25 solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
 - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide; and
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the solid
 30 phase complex product of step (g).
 - 10. A solution sandwich hybridization assay for detecting the presence of HAV in a sample, comprising (a) contacting the sample under hybridizing conditions with an excess of (i) an amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprising a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV RNA and a

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second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer and (ii) a set of capture probes comprising the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 7;

- (b) contacting the product of step (a) under hybridizing conditions with said oligonucleotide bound to the solid phase;
- (c) thereafter separating materials not bound to 10 the solid phase;
 - (d) contacting the bound product of step (c) under hybridization conditions with the nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and a multiplicity of second oligonucleotide units that are substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide;
 - (e) removing unbound multimer;
- (f) contacting under hybridizing conditions the 20 solid phase complex product of step (e) with the labeled oligonucleotide;
 - (g) removing unbound labeled oligonucleotide;
- (h) detecting the presence of label in the solid
 25 shase complex product of step (g).
 - 11. A kit for the detection of HAV in a sample comprising in combination
- (i) a set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides
 30 wherein the amplifier probe oligonucleotide comprises a first segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid and a second segment comprising a nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide unit of a nucleic acid multimer;
 - (ii) a set of capture probe oligonucleotides wherein the capture probe oligonucleotide comprises a first

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segment comprising a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a segment of HAV nucleic acid and a second segment that is substantially complementary to an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase;

(iii) a nucleic acid multimer, said multimer comprising at least one oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to the second segment of the amplifier probe polynucleotide and at least one second oligonucleotide unit that is substantially complementary to a labeled oligonucleotide; and

(iv) a labeled oligonucleotide.

- 12. The kit of claim 11, further comprising instructions for the use thereof.
- 13. The kit of claim 11, wherein said set of amplifier probe oligonucleotides comprises the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 5.
- 20 14. The kit of claim 11, wherein said set of capture probe oligonucleotides comprises the set of synthetic oligonucleotides of claim 7.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US92/11348

IPC(5) US CL						
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC				
	DS SEARCHED					
Minimum d	ocumentation searched (classification system follower	d by classification symbols)				
935/78	436/5,6,91,235.1; 436/501; 536/22.1,23.1,24.2,24.3					
Documental	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	e extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched			
l	lata base consulted during the international search (na DLINE, CAS, WPI, BIOTECH ABS, BIOSIS, GEN		, search terms used)			
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
Y	US, A, 4,828,979 (Klevan et al.) 09 M but especially column 5, lines 17-37.	ay 1989, see entire document	1-14			
Y	US, A, 4,868,105 (Urdea et al.) 19 September 1989, see entire document.					
Y	Journal of Virology, Volume 61, Num Cohen et al., "Complete Nucleotic Hepatitis A Virus: Comparison with D Virus and Other Picornaviruses", pagabstract and Figure 1 on pages 52-55.	le Sequence of Wild-Type ifferent Strains of Hepatitis A	1-14			
X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family annex.				
• Sp	ecial categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the integrated date and not in conflict with the applic				
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special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means being obvious to a person skilled in the art						
	cument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	'&' document member of the same patent	t family			
	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international se	arch report			
31 March	31 March 1993 09 APR 1993					
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C (Continua	tion). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US, A, 4,894,228 (Purcell et al.) 16 January 1990, see especially Figures 1A-II.	1-14
Y	US, A, 4,894,325 (Englehardt et al.) 16 January 1990, see especially column 8, line 43, through column 11, line 4.	1-14
Y	Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, Volume 80, issued October 1983, Ticehurst et al., "Molecular cloning and characterization of hepatitis A virus cDNA", pages 5885-5889, see especially the abstract and the sequence on page 5889 in Figure 5.	1-14
Y	Journal of Virology, Volume 63, Number 11, issued November 1989, Brown et al., "Characterization of a Simian Hepatitis A Virus (HAV): Antigenic and Genetic Comparison with Human HAV", pages 4932-4937, see especially the abstract and Figure 4 on page 4935.	1-14
Y	Journal of Virology, Volume 54, Number 2, issued May 1985, Linemeyer et al., "Molecular Cloning and Partial Sequencing of Hepatitis A Viral cDNA", pages 247-255, see especially the abstract and the sequence on page 252.	1-14
A	Applied and Environmental Microbiology, Volume 52, Number 4, issued October 1986, Jiang et al., "Detection of Hepatitis A Virus in Seeded Estuarine Samples by Hybridization with cDNA Probes", pages 711-717, see especially the abstract.	1-14
	Journal of Virology, Volume 61, Number 3, issued March 1987, Lemon et al., "Genomic Heterogeneity among Human and Nonhuman Strains of Hepatitis A Virus", pages 735-742, see especially the abstract.	1-14
	Journal of Clinical Microbiology, Volume 27, Number 5, issued May 1989, Jiang et al., "In Situ Hybridization for Quantitative Assay of Infectious Hepatitis A Virus", pages 874-879, see especially the abstract.	1-14
	Journal of Clinical Microbiology, Volume 22, Number 6, issued December 1985, Jansen et al., "Combined Immunoaffinity cDNA-RNA Hybridization Assay for Detection of Hepatitis A Virus in Clinical Specimens", pages 984-989, see especially the abstract.	1-14
	Applied and Environmental Microbiology, Volume 53, Number 10, issued October 1987, Jiang et al., "Detection of Hepatitis A Virus by Hybridization with Single-Stranded RNA Probes", pages 2487-2495, see especially the abstract.	1-14

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US92/11348

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Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No.					
A	Journal of General Virology, Volume 67, issued 1986, Ross et al., "Molecular Cloning of cDNA from Hepatitis A Virus Strain HM-175 after Multiple Passages in-vivo and in-vitro", pages 1741-1744, see especially the summary on page 1741.					
A	Journal of Virological Methods, Volume 31, issued January 1991, Shieh et al., "Detection of hepatitis A virus and other enteroviruses in water by ssRNA probes", pages 119-136, see especially the summary on page 119-120.					
	Journal of Virological Methods, Volume 3, issued 1981, Von Der Helm et al., "Cloning of Hepatitis A Virus Genome", pages 37-43, see especially the abstract.	1-14				
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